

INGLÉS - MÓDULO 3 - BLOQUE 7: HABLAR, ESCUCHAR, CONVERSAR, LEER Y ESCRIBIR.

TEMA 1 y 2: LONDON. ENGLISH AROUND YOU.

Present simple, Present Continuous and time expressions. Demonstrative pronouns and adjectives. Comparatives and superlatives. Relative pronouns.

1. Completa los diálogos con las palabras del recuadro. (1 punto)

Doesn't / Do / Look / past / Yes / twelve

A) PAULA: Let's go Mary. Alberto's party starts at half past eight.

MARY: Do I _____ OK?

PAULA: Yes, you do.

MARY: _____ you like my jacket?

PAULA: Your jacket? That's not your jacket. It's *my* jacket, and it's beautiful.

B) RACHEL: Excuse me. Does the 24 bus stop here?

CARLA: _____, it does.

RACHEL: Does it stop here at half past _____?

CARLA: No, it _____. It stops here at quarter past twelve. Oh, look! Here it comes.

2. Escribe oraciones con las siguientes actividades de ocio o hábitos utilizando los adverbios de frecuencia y expresiones de tiempo que las acompañan. (1 punto)

Salir con amigos. (*Sue / usually / at the weekend*). Sue usually goes out with her friends at the weekend

1. Jugar al fútbol (*I / never*)

2. Hacer fotos (*My cousins / always*)

3. Escuchar música (*My sister / in the evening*)

4. Bailar (*My father-in-law / seldom / at parties*)

5. Ir a nadar (*John and Mary / in the morning*)

3. Completa las oraciones con los verbos entre paréntesis. Utiliza el Presente Simple. (1 punto)

1. I travel (travel) to London every July.
2. We _____ (not chat) with friends in lessons.
3. _____ you _____ (go) out on school nights?
4. Jess _____ (play) the guitar. He _____ (not play) the piano.
5. _____ Mr Gill's wife _____ (take) photos of animals?

4. Elige la opción correcta. (1 punto)

1. I usually ... homework in the evening
a. do b. am doing
2. Martin ... football every day after school.
a. doesn't play b. isn't playing
3. Jerry and Beverly ... dinner at the moment.
a. don't have b. aren't having
4. We usually ... on Saturdays
a. go out b. are going out
5. Donna and Jay ... photos of dogs in the park right now.
a. don't take b. aren't taking
6. Listen! Connie ... in the shower.
a. sings b. is singing

5. Completa las oraciones con los verbos entre paréntesis, utilizando Present Simple o Present Continuous y teniendo en cuenta lo trabajado sobre los verbos que no utilizan el Present Continuous. (1 punto)

1. Greg and Tommy live (live) on Barton Street.
2. _____ Beth _____ (write) an e-mail to her boyfriend at the moment?
3. Ben isn't having broccoli for lunch because he _____ (hate) broccoli.
4. _____ you _____ (know) all the answers to the questions?
5. Let's play with your puppy. She _____ (not sleep) now.
6. Listen to that music. _____ your sister _____ (practise) the piano?

6. Demonstrative adjectives and pronouns. (1 punto)

A. Completa las oraciones con el adjetivo o pronombre demostrativo adecuado: THIS o THESE.

1. _____ are my father's book.
2. Barcelona's stadium is _____.
3. _____ is my bag.
4. Is _____ my TV?
5. Are _____ your watches.

B. Completa las oraciones con el adjetivo o pronombre demostrativo adecuado: *THAT* o *THOSE*.

6. _____ is my friend's house.
7. _____ are my children's toys.
8. Who is _____ knocking at the door?
9. _____ beautiful blouses are expensive.
10. _____ dogs are bigger than my pet.

7. Completa las oraciones con el comparativo o superlativo de los adjetivos entre paréntesis. (1 punto)

1. There are many expensive skirts in the shop, and I want _____ (expensive) one.
2. Mingo eats fruit and vegetables every day. His diet is _____ (healthy) his wife's.
3. Rudolf goes to the theatre in Madrid. He's going to wear _____ (elegant) clothes in his cupboard.
4. Today it is _____ (hot) it was yesterday.
5. That is _____ (good) film I've seen in months.
6. Who is _____ (tall) player in the basketball team?

8. Completa las oraciones con uno de los pronombres relativos siguientes. (1 punto)

WHICH – WHO – WHOSE

1. I know the girl _____ car is red.
2. She lives in a flat _____ next to our house.
3. This is the girl _____ comes from Spain.
4. What do you do with the money _____ your parents give?
5. The teacher _____ laptop is on that desk, is Mrs Cathy.

9. READING (1 punto)

Lee sobre esta mujer famosa y responde a las preguntas.

One of the Britain's most famous fashion designers today is Stella McCartney. Stella was born in 1971. At age 26, she is already the head designer at Chloé. This firm is one of the oldest and most important fashion houses in Paris.

Stella's father is much more famous than she is. He's ex-Beatle Paul McCartney. Some people usually think Stella is successful because of her family name, but that's not true: many people simply love Stella's designs! In fact, Stella sells her clothes to hundreds of shops in Europe, the USA and Canada.

Stella is a vegetarian. She does not use any fur or leather in her designs. She also designs sport shoes for Adidas without any leather.

Stella's designer clothes, especially her evening dresses, are very expensive. Many people can't usually buy them. But Stella also makes clothes for H&M, a popular discount store, in 2005. These clothes are cheaper than her other designs. Of course, they sell out very quickly! Let's hope Stella do this again!

1. Who is Stella's father? _____
2. Why do people think Stella is successful? _____
3. Where does Stella sell her designs? _____

Copia la parte del texto que proporciona la información referida en las siguientes oraciones.

4. Stella is very successful at a young age. *At age 26, she is already the head designer at Chloé.*
5. Stella is famous for more than one reason. _____
6. Stella doesn't use material from animals in her designs. _____
7. Stella's clothes aren't usually cheap. _____
8. Stella designs clothes for different types of shops _____

10. WRITING. Escribe un texto de unas 60 palabras, real o imaginario, contando qué cosas sueles hacer en tu tiempo de ocio (real o imaginario), Incluye las cosas te gusta hacer en tu tiempo libre, con quién, cuándo y dónde lo llevas a cabo. Utiliza, en la medida de lo posible los aspectos trabajados durante el módulo.
(1 punto)